

80m Quick Study

Receiving Antenna Size vs Performance

v01

Jukka OH6LI

Design Target: to receive better than a full size GP

- 80m Full Size GP as reference
- Task:
Quick study to tell how a simple and affordable receiving antenna gives performance over the Full Size GP



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How to measure the performance

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- New receiving Antenna Performance Measure:
Minimum Discernible Signal

Design Target: to receive better than a full size GP

- New receiving Antenna Performance Measure:
Minimum Discernible Signal
 - Excel tool: Dan AC6LA
 - Algorithm: Jukka OH6LI
 - Ideas, clarifications: Markku OH2RA

Design Target: to receive better than a full size GP

- New receiving Antenna Performance Measure:
Minimum Discernible Signal
- Noise Margin as secondary measurable

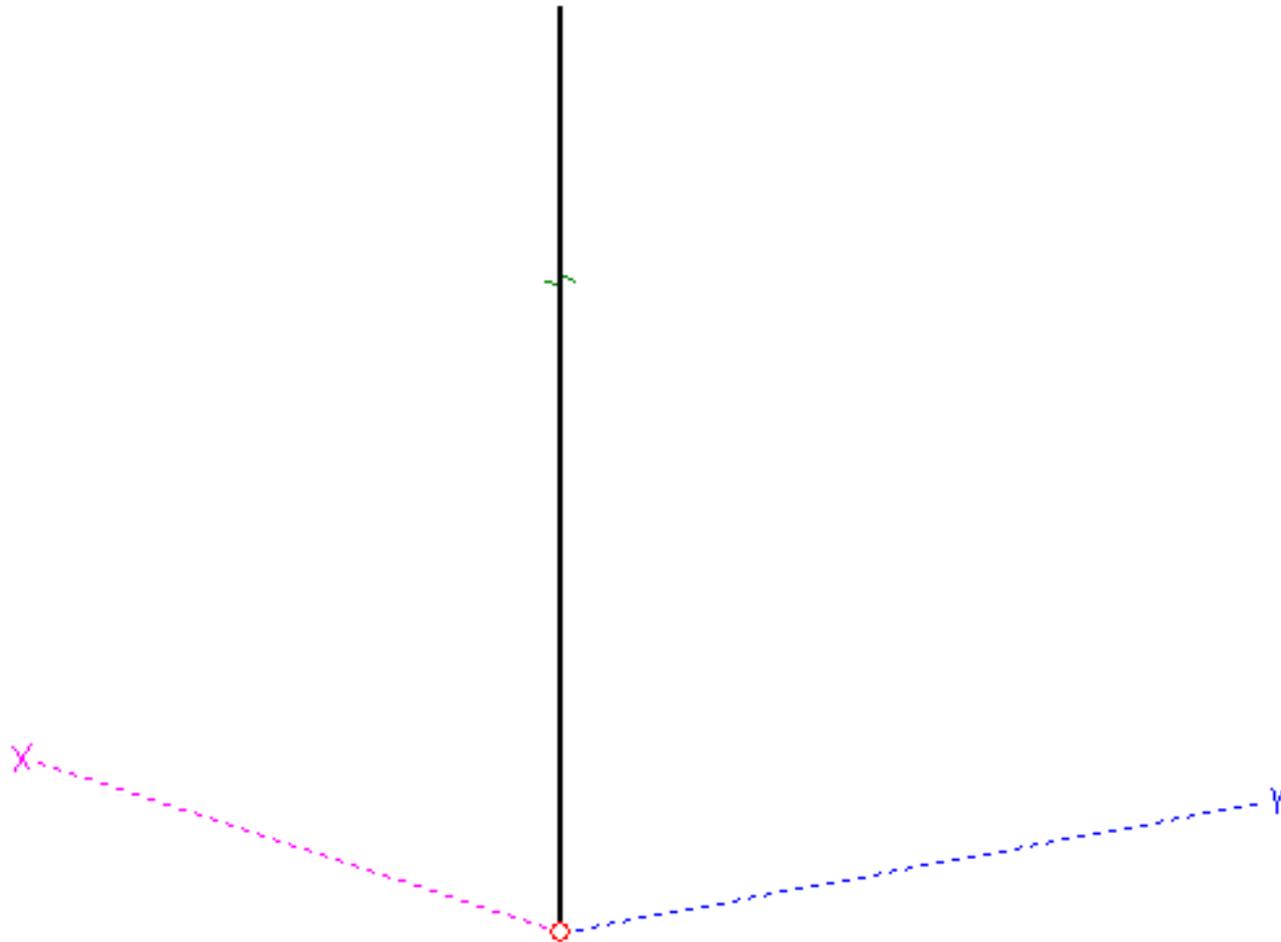
Design Target: to receive better than a full size GP

- New receiving Antenna Performance Measure:
Minimum Discernible Signal
- Calculation based on:
 - Antenna peak gain
 - Antenna average gain
 - QTH noise level - source ITU P.372-13, Figure 10
 - Feed system losses
 - RX noise figure

Reference: GP on 80m

- Feed at ground level, apex 19.87m
- Wire diameter 20mm copper
- Real ground

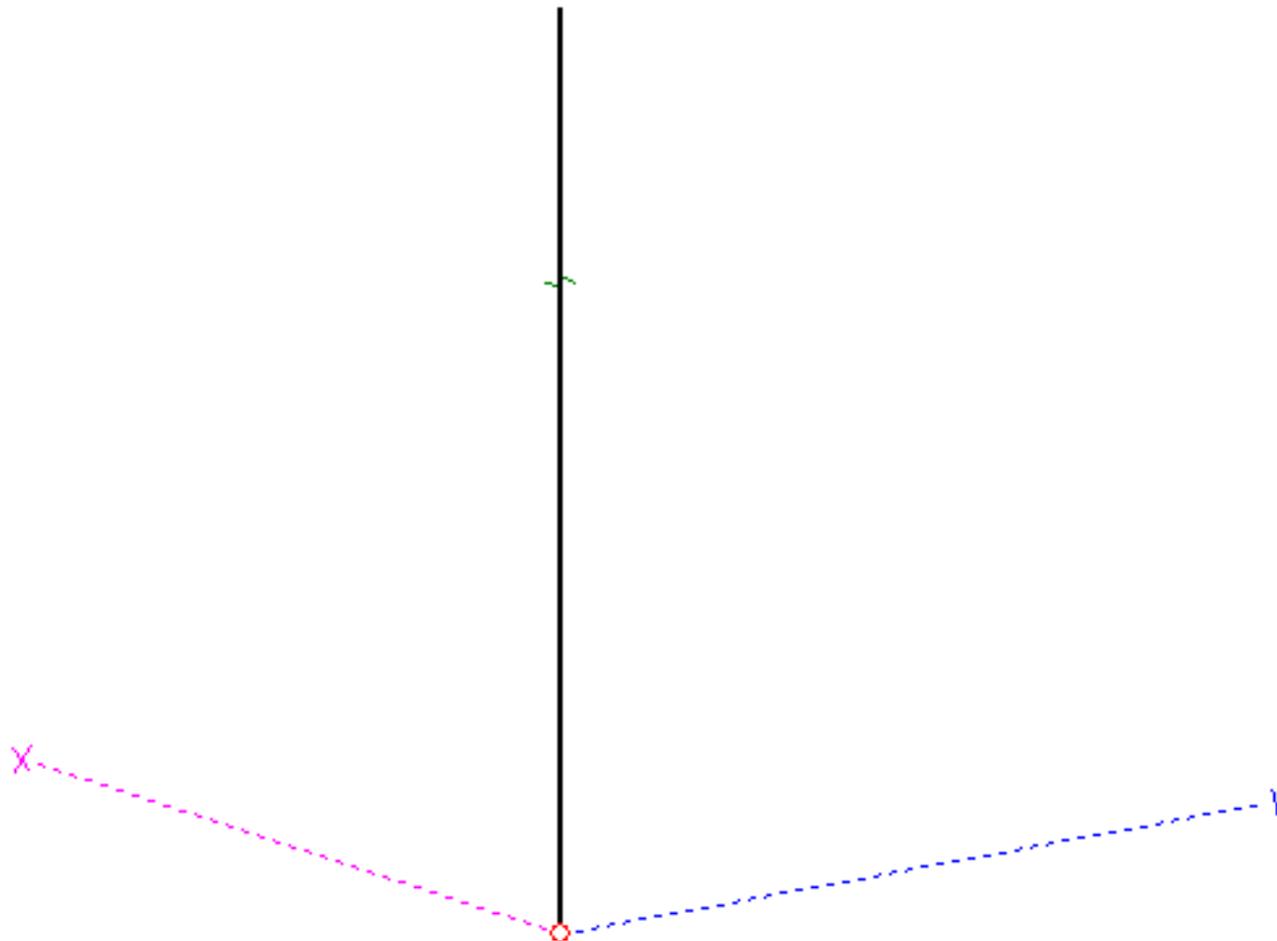
Reference: GP on 80m



Wire No.1
X1 : 0.0 m
Y1 : 0.0 m
Z1 : 0.0 m
X2 : 0.0 m
Y2 : 0.0 m
Z2 : 19.866 m
R : 10.0 mm
Length : 19.866 m

Reference: GP on 80m

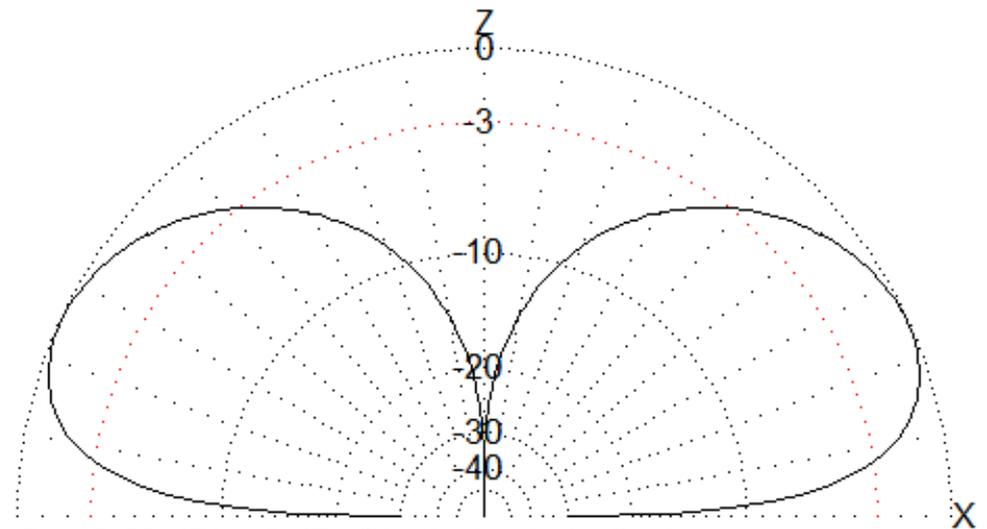
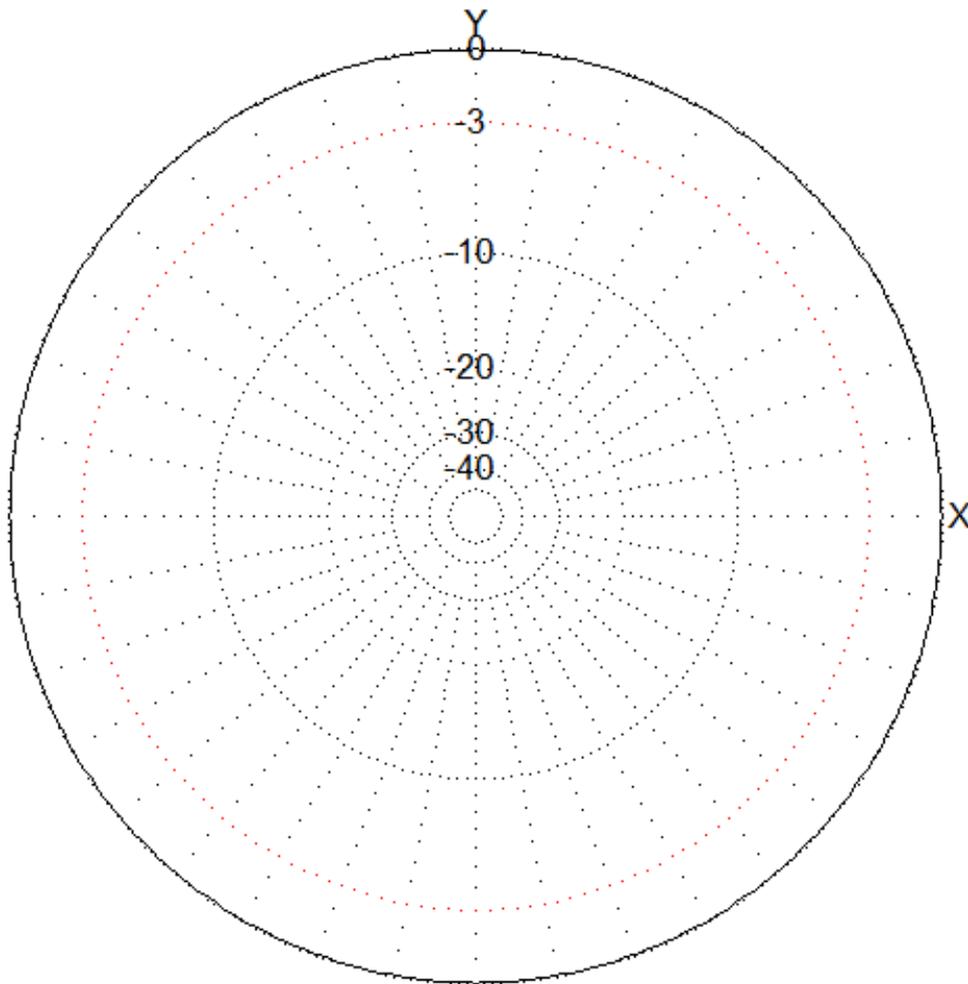
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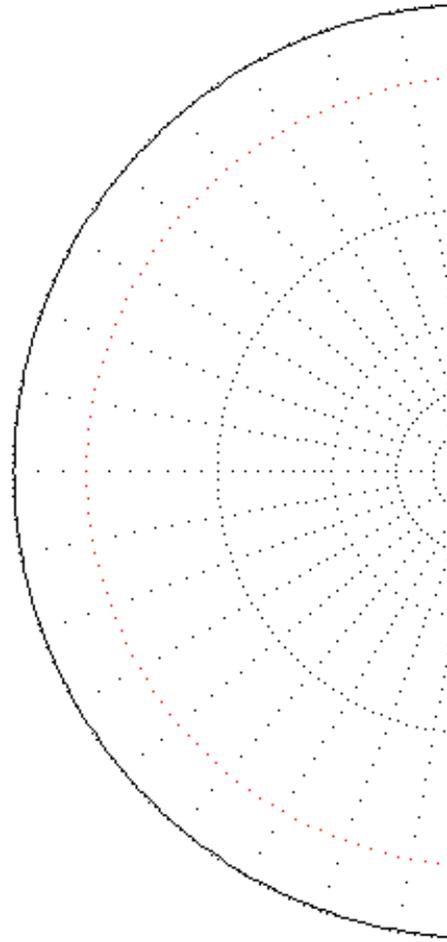
- Feed at ground level, apex 19.87m, W=20Cu



Ga : 0.63 dBi = 0 dB (Vertical polarization)
F/B: 0.00 dB; Rear: Azim. 0 deg, Elev. 30 deg
Freq: 3.650 MHz
Z: 36.143 + j0.007 Ohm
SWR: 1.4 (50.0 Ohm),
Elev: 24.6 deg (Real GND :0.00 m height)

Reference: GP on 80m

- Feed at (...) = 20Cu



Real ground setup

No.	Dielec.	Conduct(mS/m)	X (m)	Height(m)
1	13.0	3.0	0.0	0
next				

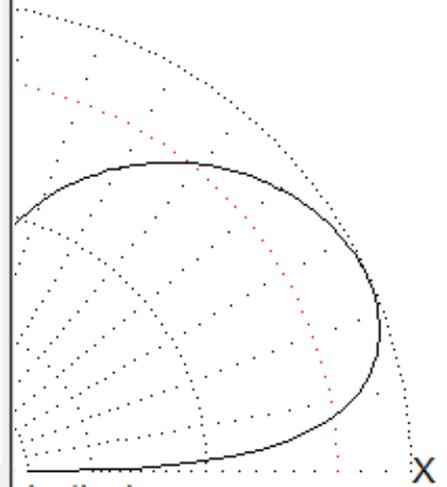
Type of the media in the complex (>1 line in up table) ground

on- radial boundary (R), off-linear boundary (X)

Additional wire radials

Number Radius of wire mm

OK Cancel



...rization)
 Elev. 30 deg

height)

Other Parameters

- First amplifier Noise Figure 4dB
- Matching & Feed Losses 2dB

- QTH Noise specified above -204dBW
 - Fa in ITU P.372 document
 - 56dB for residential QTH on 80m
 - 38dB for rural QTH on 80m

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- QTH Noise specified above -204dBW
 - Fa in ITU P.372 document
 - 56dB for residential QTH on 80m
 - 38dB for rural QTH on 80m – 18dB difference

Reference: GP on 80m

- Feed at ground level, apex 19.87m, W=20Cu
- Residential, QTH Noise 56dB
- MDS -150.1dBW
- Noise Margin 42.6dB
- Rural, QTH Noise 38dB
- MDS -168.1dBW
- Noise Margin 24.6dB

Reference: GP on 80m

- Feed at ground level, apex 19.87m, W=20Cu
- Residential, QTH Noise 56dB
- MDS -150.1dBW
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- Rural, QTH Noise 38dB
- MDS -168.1dBW – 18dB better due to QTH Noise
- Noise Margin 24.6dB

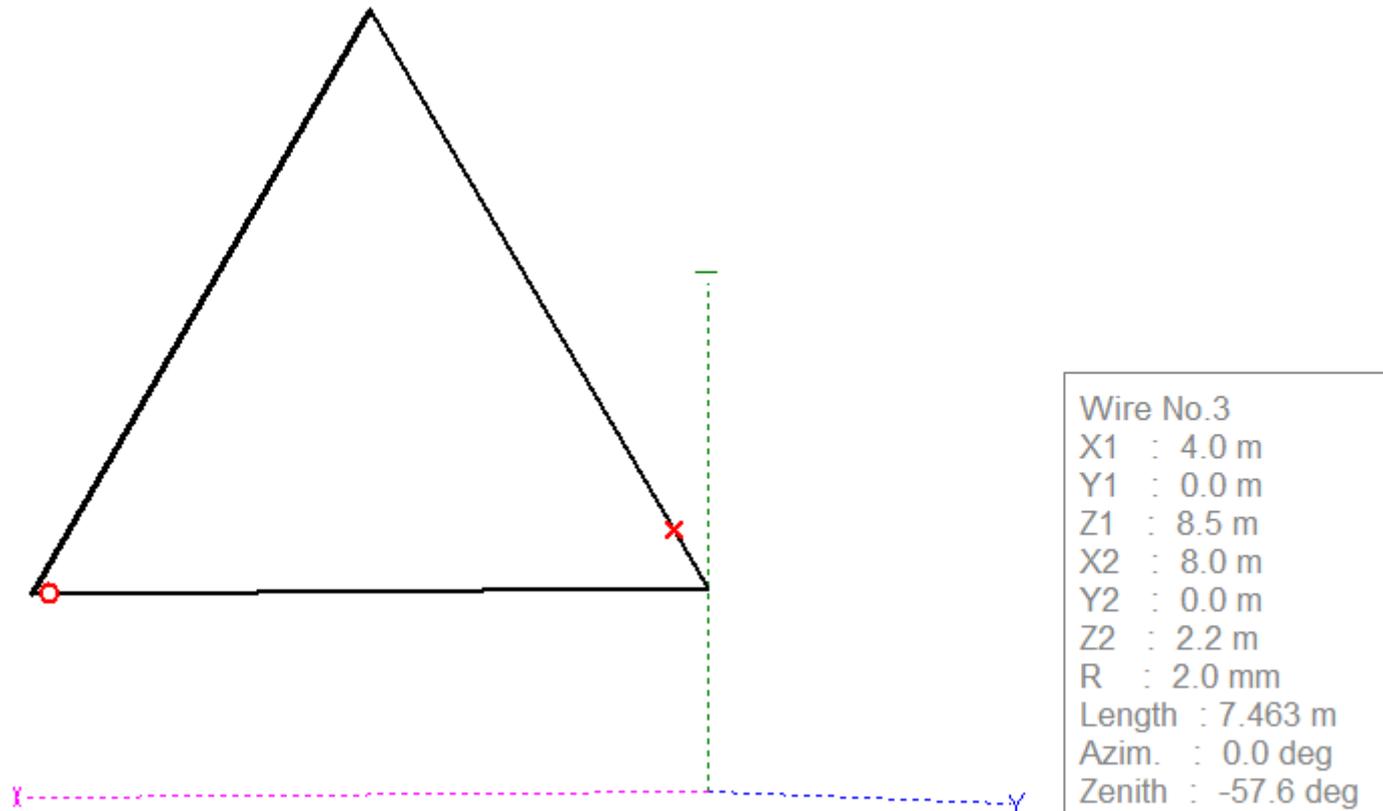
Comparison antenna: Modified K6SE / FO0AAA

- Triangle shape
- Length 8.0m
- Bottom wire at 2.2m, apex 8.5m
- Wire 4mm diameter copper
- Rear resistor 5% above the rear corner to optimize pattern, value 810-850 ohms

- Lobster antenna

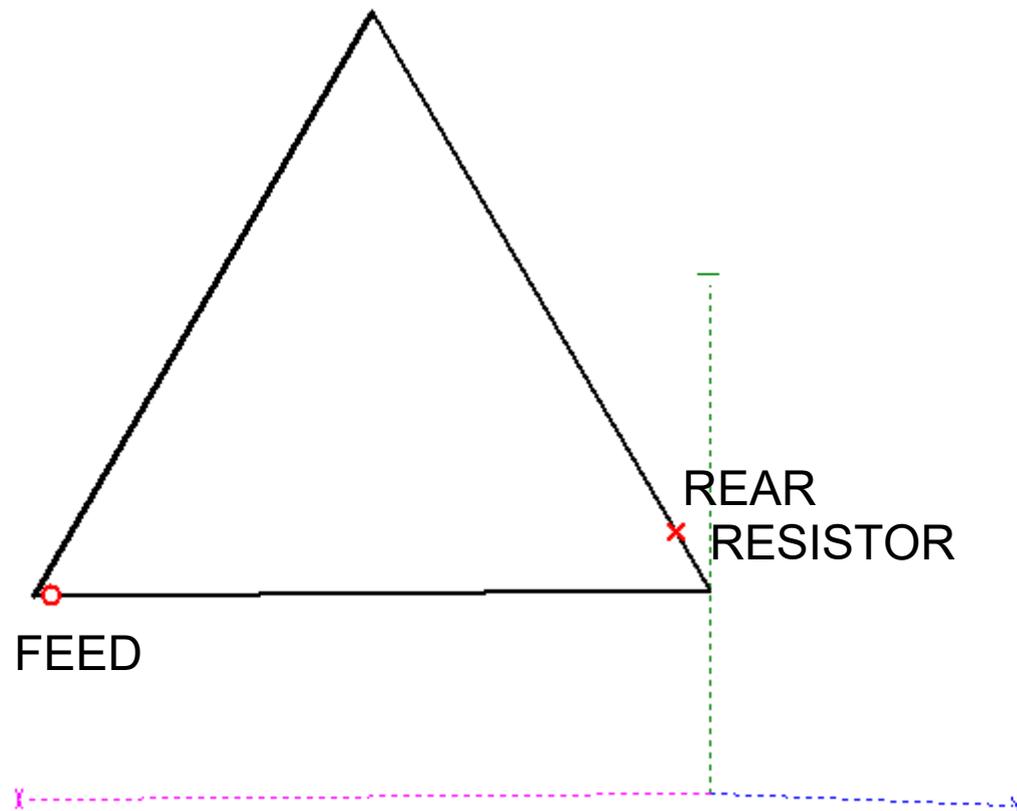
Basic Lobster

- $L=8.0\text{m}$, bottom wire at 2.2m , apex 8.5m , $W=4\text{Cu}$



Basic Lobster

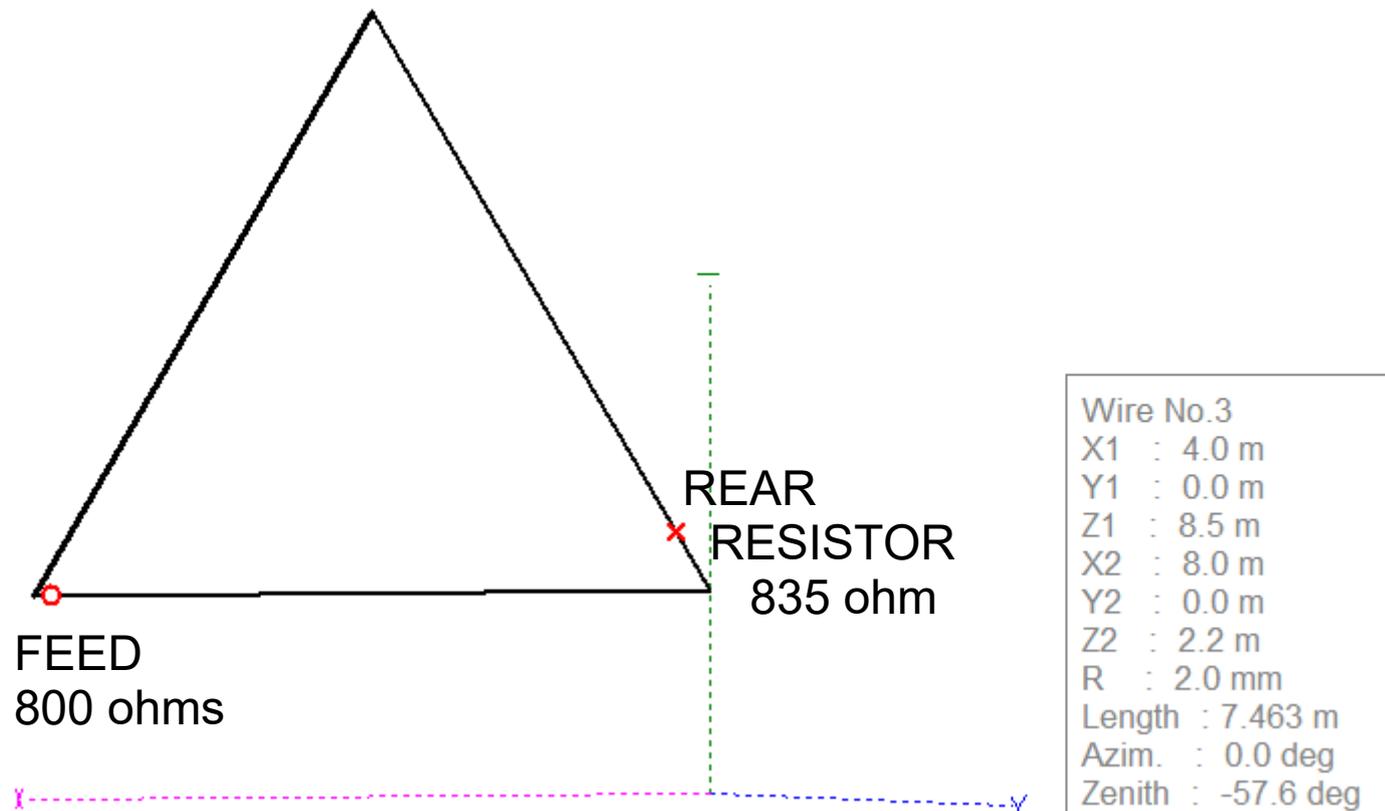
- $L=8.0\text{m}$, bottom wire at 2.2m , apex 8.5m , $W=4\text{Cu}$



Wire No.3	
X1	: 4.0 m
Y1	: 0.0 m
Z1	: 8.5 m
X2	: 8.0 m
Y2	: 0.0 m
Z2	: 2.2 m
R	: 2.0 mm
Length	: 7.463 m
Azim.	: 0.0 deg
Zenith	: -57.6 deg

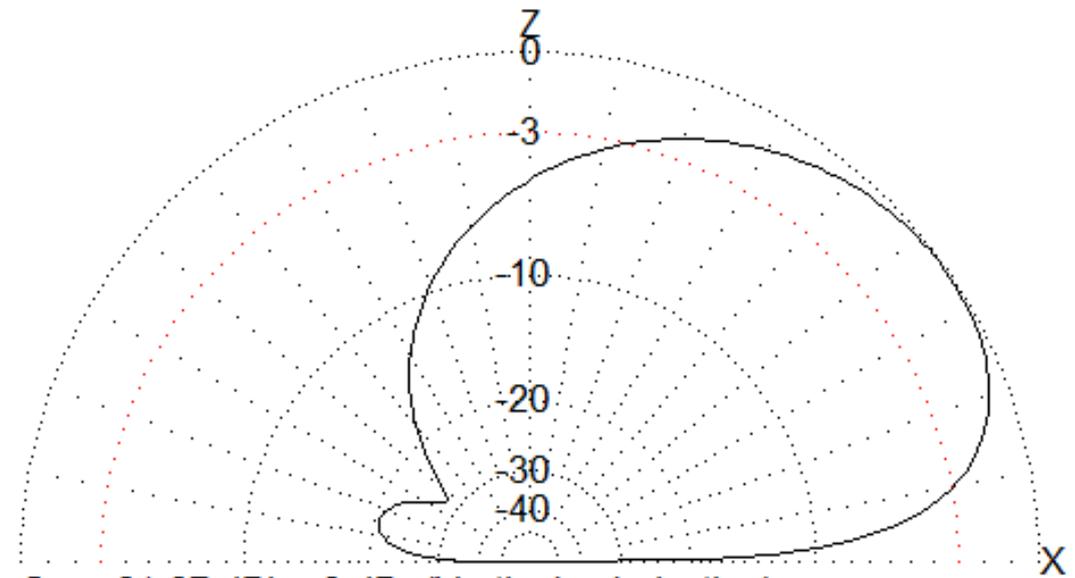
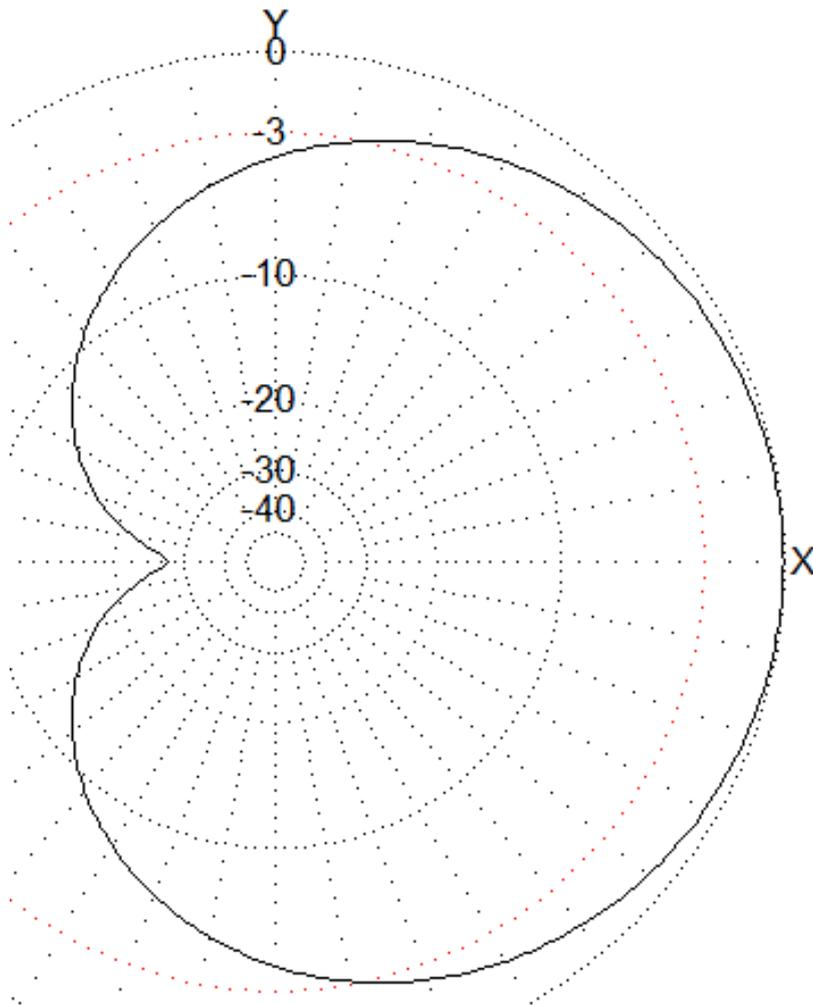
Basic Lobster

- L=8.0m, bottom wire at 2.2m, apex 8.5m, W=4Cu



Basic Lobster on 80m

- L=8.0m, bottom wire at 2.2m, apex 8.5m, W=4Cu



Ga : -21.67 dBi = 0 dB (Vertical polarization)
F/B: 20.42 dB; Rear: Azim. 0 deg, Elev. 40 deg
Freq: 3.650 MHz
Z: 865.896 + j16.197 Ohm
SWR: 1.1 (800.0 Ohm),
Elev: 34.1 deg (Real GND :0.00 m height)

Basic Lobster on 80m

- L=8.0m, bottom wire at 2.2m, apex 8.5m, W=4Cu
- Residential QTH Noise 56dB
- MDS -152.6dBW
- Noise Margin 17.7dB

- Rural, QTH Noise 38dB
- MDS -168.8dBW
- Noise Margin -0.3dB

Basic Lobster on 80m

- L=8.0m, bottom wire at 2.2m, apex 8.5m, W=4Cu
- Residential QTH Noise 56dB
- MDS -152.6dBW – Lobster wins GP by 2.5dB
- Noise Margin 17.7dB

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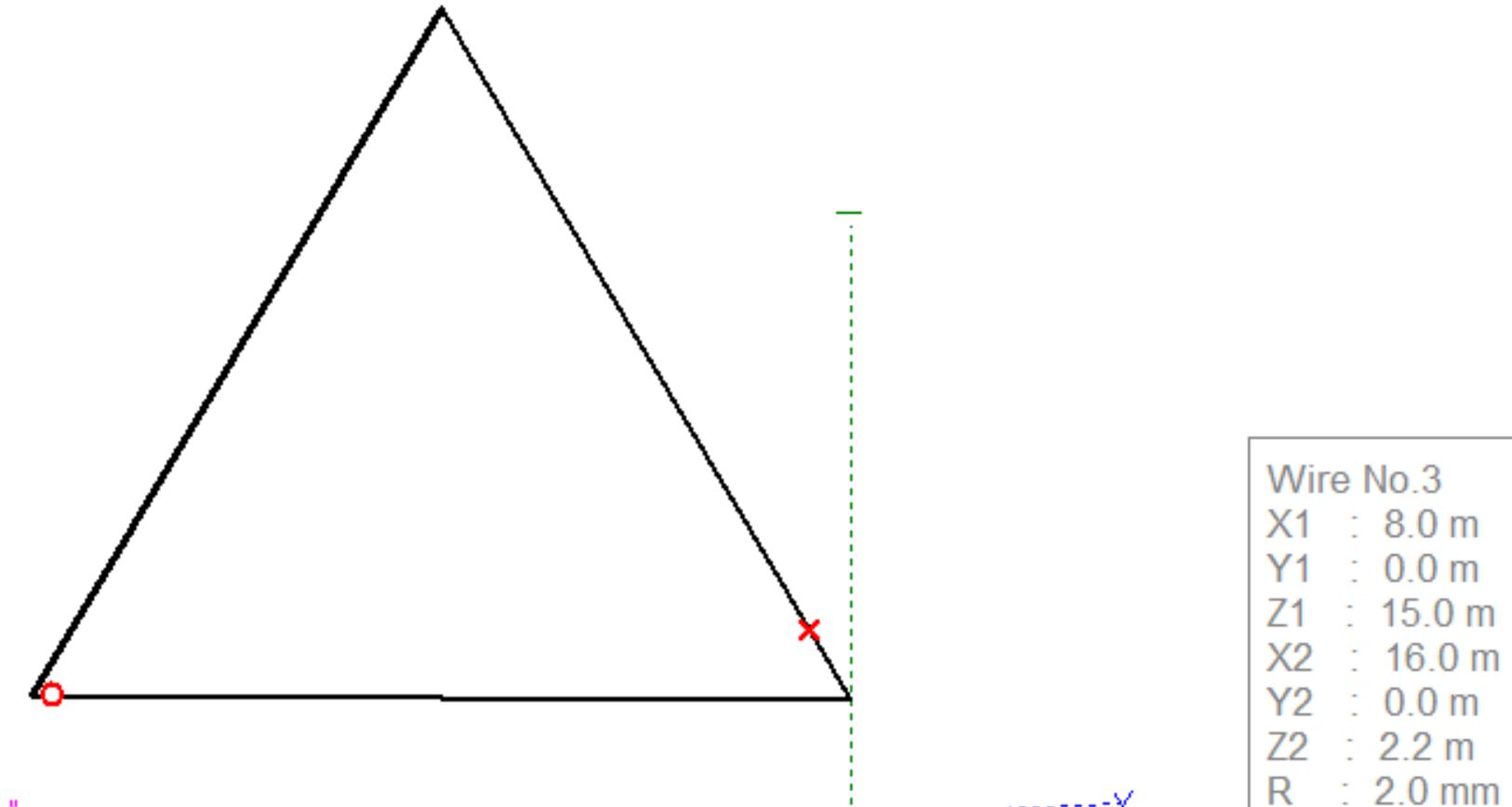
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- Rural, QTH Noise 38dB
- MDS -168.8dBW – Lobster wins GP by 0.7dB
- Noise Margin -0.3dB

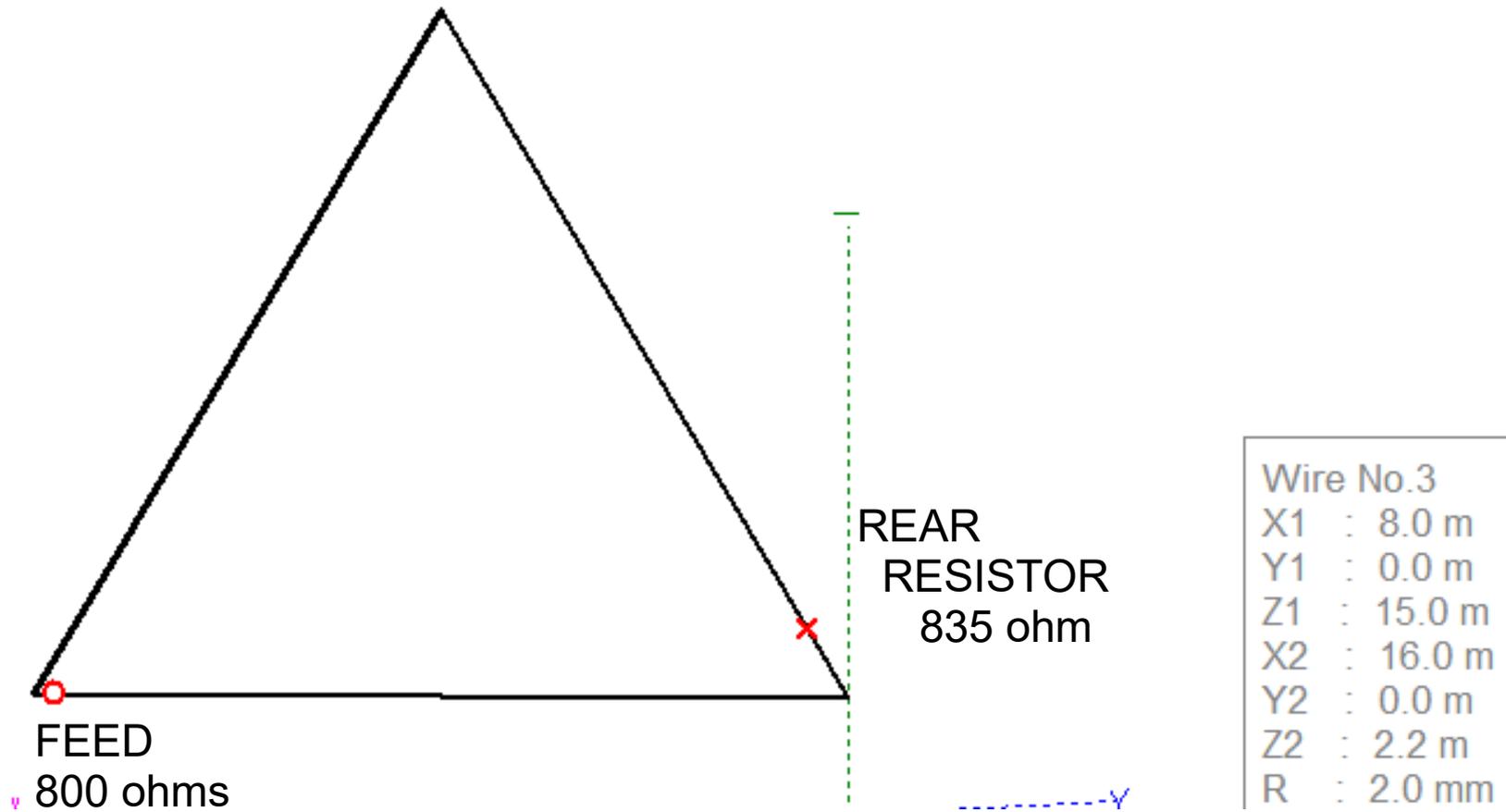
Double Size Lobster

- L=16m, bottom wire at 2.2m, apex 15m, W=4Cu



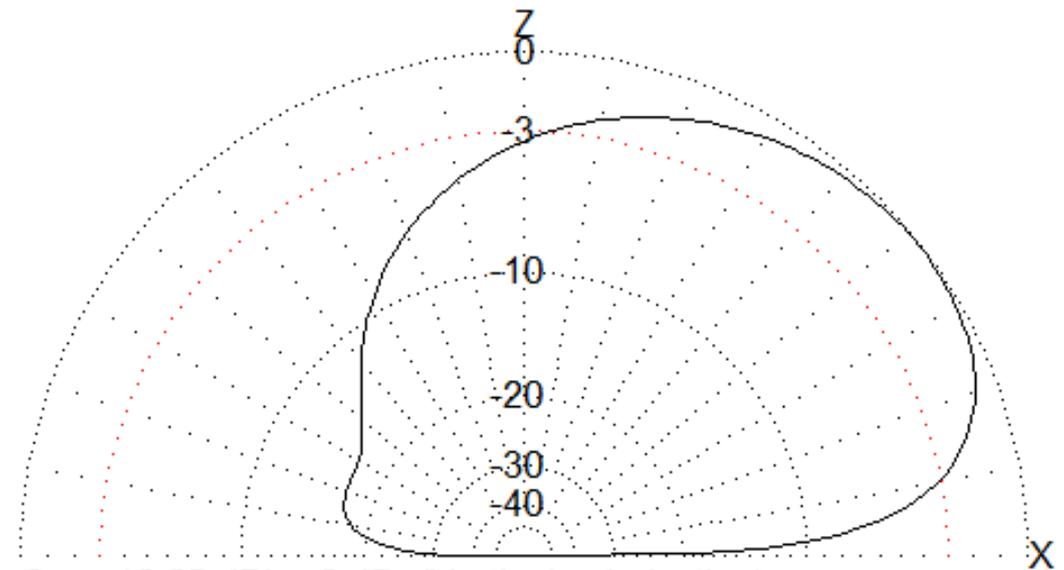
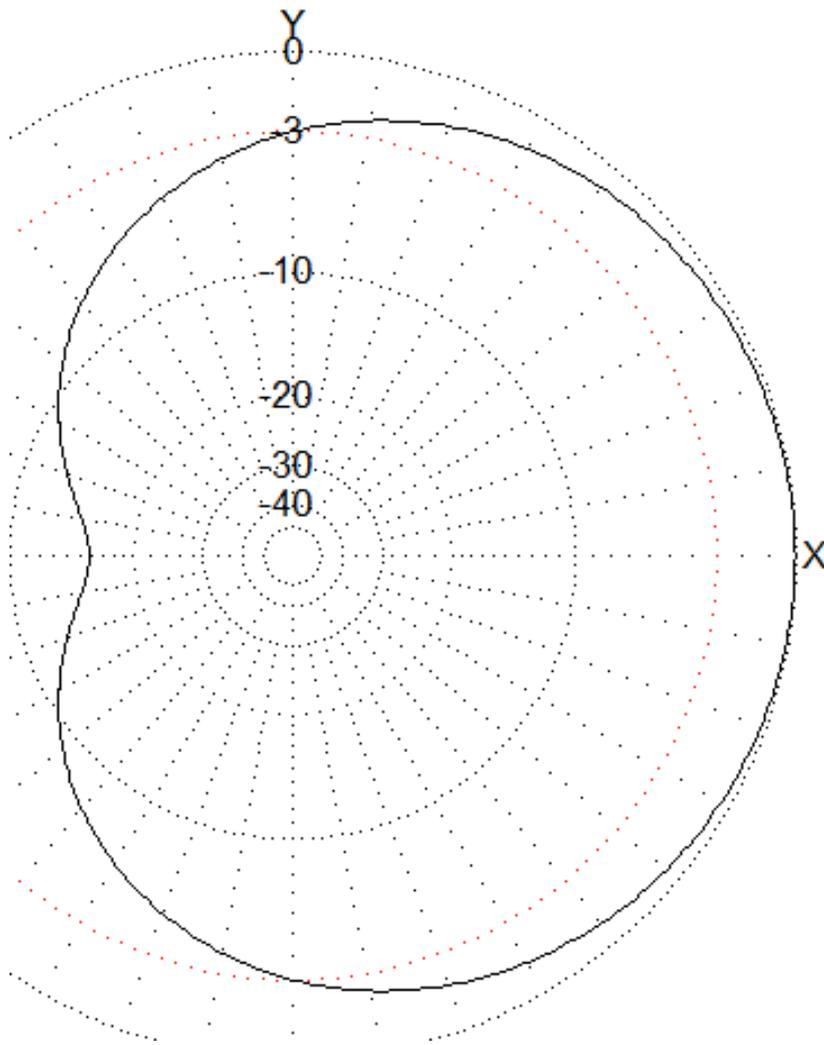
Double Size Lobster

- L=16m, bottom wire at 2.2m, apex 15m, W=4Cu



Double Size Lobster on 80m

- L=16m, bottom wire at 2.2m, apex 15m, W=4Cu



Ga : -10.25 dBi = 0 dB (Vertical polarization)
F/B: 14.93 dB; Rear: Azim. 0 deg, Elev. 40 deg
Freq: 3.650 MHz
Z: 1256.009 - j156.140 Ohm
SWR: 1.6 (800.0 Ohm),
Elev: 37.1 deg (Real GND :0.00 m height)

Double Size Lobster on 80m

- L=16m, bottom wire at 2.2m, apex 15m, W=4Cu
- Residential, QTH Noise 56dB
- MDS -152.1dBW
- Noise Margin 29.7dB
- Rural, QTH Noise 38dB
- MDS -169.9dBW
- Noise Margin 11.7dB

Double Size Lobster on 80m

- L=16m, bottom wire at 2.2m, apex 15m, W=4Cu
- Residential, QTH Noise 56dB
- MDS -152.1dBW – Double Size Lobster wins GP
- Noise Margin 29.7dB
- Rural, QTH Noise 38dB
- MDS -169.9dBW – Double Size Lobster wins all
- Noise Margin 11.7dB

Lobster Size on 80m

- Lobster antenna has a cutoff frequency
 - Lobster functions correctly below the cutoff frequency
- Double Size Lobster pattern starts to get worse on 80m
- Triple Size Lobster is not a viable antenna on 80m

Results summary

- GP MDS is -150.1 / -168.1 dBW
- Lobster MDS -152.6 / -168.8 dBW

Results summary

- GP MDS is -150.1 / -168.1 dBW
- Lobster -152.6 / -168.8 dBW
- Double Size Lobster -152.1 / -169.9 dBW

Design target achieved

Basic Size Lobster wins over GP
with a clear margin in rural and residential area

Findings for 80m

- A receiving antenna length just 8m is enough on 80m band to provide better reception than a Full Size GP – at nearly any QTH, at any time
- Increasing the antenna size will not bring automatical improvement in MDS capability
- Common mode and signal leaking related issues may be improved by increasing the antenna size to Double Size Lobster
- Double Size Lobster provides enough Noise Margin even at the most quiet locations

More Information

- A receiving antenna LIRA with 22m length provides a better MDS than Lobster
 - Beyond the scope of this Quick Study
- Antenna details and simulation models available from Jukka OH6LI
 - Also LIRA design details available

Excel Workbook

- Excel workbook to analyze MDS and Noise Margin available
- Also Leaking Index for antenna pattern comparisons

Antenna pattern file name	3D Max Gain (dBi)	At Azim	At Elev	Average Gain (dB)	RDF Directivity (dB)	DMF Rear MSL (dB)	Leaking Index (%)	QTH Noise Level (dB)	Noise Margin (dB)	MDS (dBW)	Length (m)	Width (m)	Height (m)
01 GP 80m.csv	0,63	0°	25°	-4,45	5,08	5,08	96,8	56	42,6	-150,1	40	40	20
01 GP 80m.csv	0,63	0°	25°	-4,45	5,08	5,08	96,8	38	24,6	-168,1	40	40	20
02 BasicLobster 80m.csv	-21,67	0°	34°	-29,34	7,67	12,38	78,6	56	17,7	-152,6	8	2	8,5
02 BasicLobster 80m.csv	-21,67	0°	34°	-29,34	7,67	12,38	78,6	38	-0,3	-168,8	8	2	8,5
03 DoubleSizeLobster 80m.csv	-10,25	0°	37°	-17,31	7,06	10,72	86,3	56	29,7	-152,1	16	4	15
03 DoubleSizeLobster 80m.csv	-10,25	0°	37°	-17,31	7,06	10,72	86,3	38	11,7	-169,9	16	4	15
05 LIRA L22 H7.2 80m.csv	-19,29	0°	29°	-28,74	9,45	18,90	46,2	56	18,3	-154,4	22	3	7,3
05 LIRA L22 H7.2 80m.csv	-19,29	0°	29°	-28,74	9,45	18,90	46,2	38	0,3	-170,8	22	3	7,3
06 LIRA L22 H08 80m.csv	-17,59	0°	29°	-27,09	9,50	19,11	46,2	56	19,9	-154,5	22	3	8
06 LIRA L22 H08 80m.csv	-17,59	0°	29°	-27,09	9,50	19,11	46,2	38	1,9	-171,3	22	3	8