

Receiving Antenna Size vs Performance v03

Jukka OH6LI

• Theoretical 472kHz Full Size GP as comparison

• Task:

Quick study to tell if a simple and affordable receiving antenna gives performance over the theoretical Full Size GP

How to measure the performance

 New receiving Antenna Performance Measure: Minimum Discernible Signal

- New receiving Antenna Performance Measure: Minimum Discernible Signal
 - Excel tool: Dan AC6LA
 - Algorithm: Jukka OH6LI
 - Ideas, clarifications: Markku OH2RA

 New receiving Antenna Performance Measure: Minimum Discernible Signal

• Noise Margin as secondary measurable

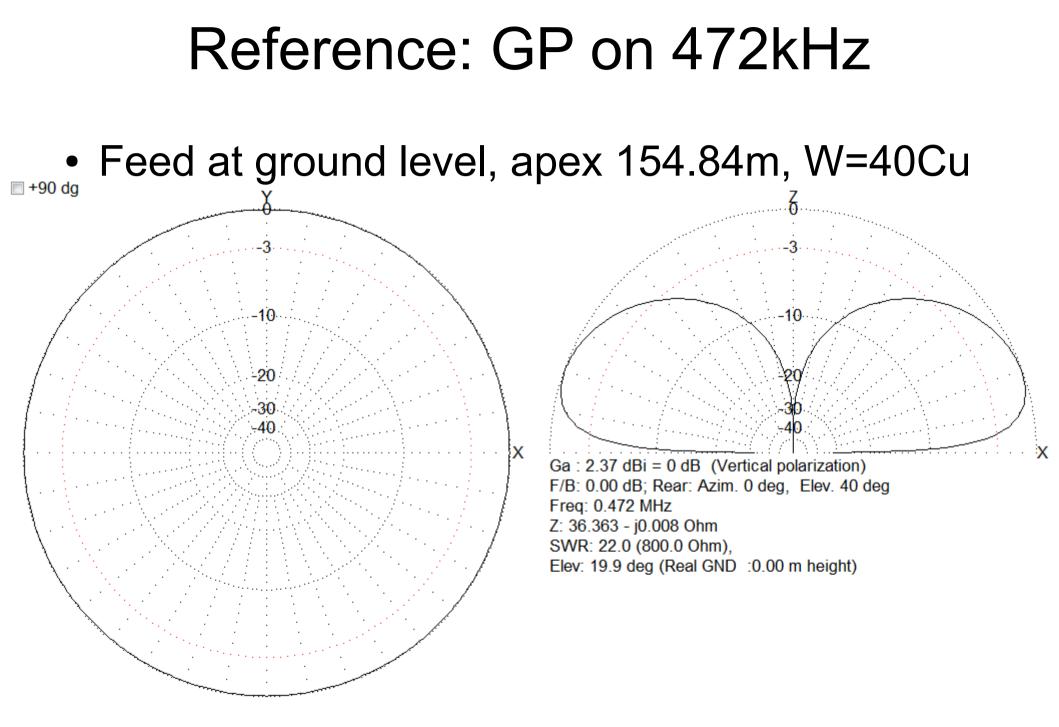
- New receiving Antenna Performance Measure: Minimum Discernible Signal
- Calculation based on: Antenna peak gain Antenna average gain QTH noise level - source ITU P.372-13, Figure 10 Feed system losses RX noise figure

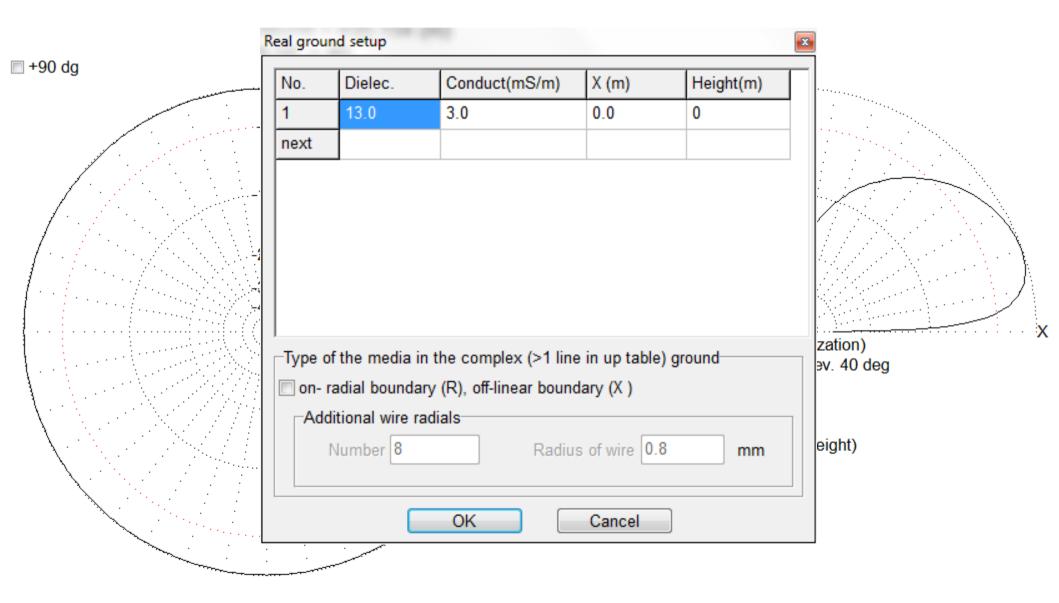
- Feed at ground level, apex 154.84m
- Wire diameter 40mm copper
- Real ground

Wir	Nire No.1												
X1	1	0.0 m											
Y1	1	0.0 m											
Z1	2	0.0 m											
X2	1	0.0 m											
Y2	1	0.0 m											
Z2	2	154.84 m											
R	2	10.0 mm											

• Feed at ground level, apex 154.84m, W=40Cu

Wire No.1 X1 : 0.0 m Y1 : 0.0 m Z1 : 0.0 m X2 : 0.0 m Y2 : 0.0 m Z2 : 154.84 m R : 10.0 mm





Other Parameters

- First amplifier Noise Figure 3dB
- Matching & Feed Losses 2dB

- QTH Noise specified above -204dBW
 - Fa in ITU P.372 document
 - 81dB for residential QTH on 472kHz
 - 73dB for rural QTH on 472kHz

• Feed at ground level, apex 154.84m, W=40Cu

- Residential, QTH Noise 81dB
- MDS -125.0dBW
- Noise Margin 70.3dB
- Rural, QTH Noise 73dB
- MDS -133.0dBW
- Noise Margin 62.3dB

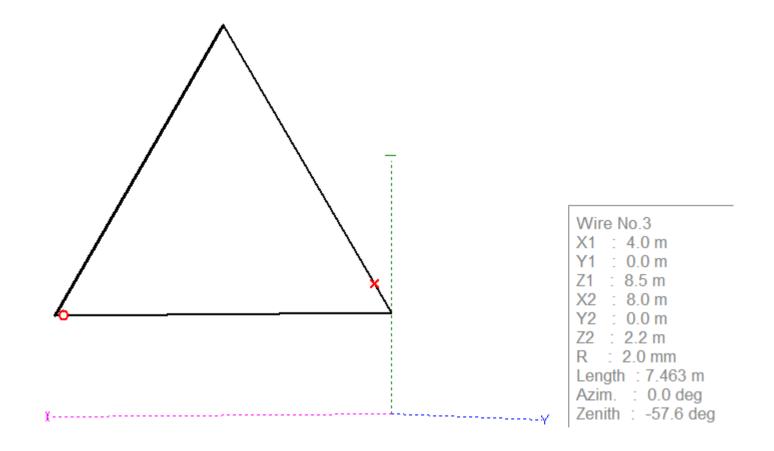
• Feed at ground level, apex 154.84m, W=40Cu

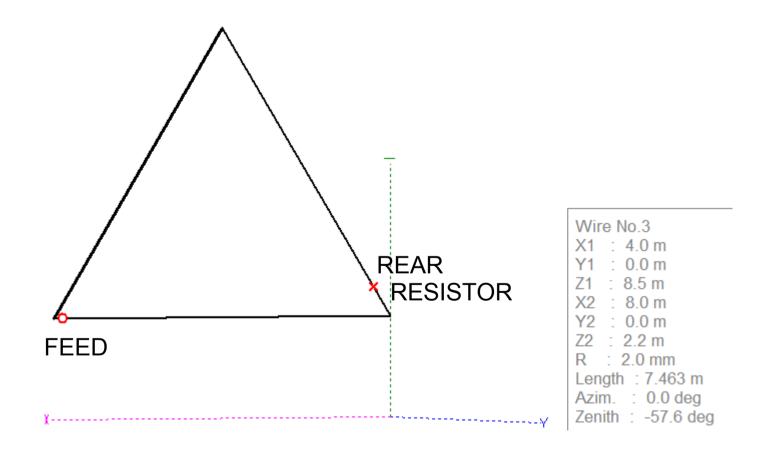
- Residential, QTH Noise 81dB
- MDS -125.0dBW
- Noise Margin 70.3dB
- Rural, QTH Noise 73dB
- MDS -133.0dBW 8dB better due to QTH Noise
- Noise Margin 62.3dB

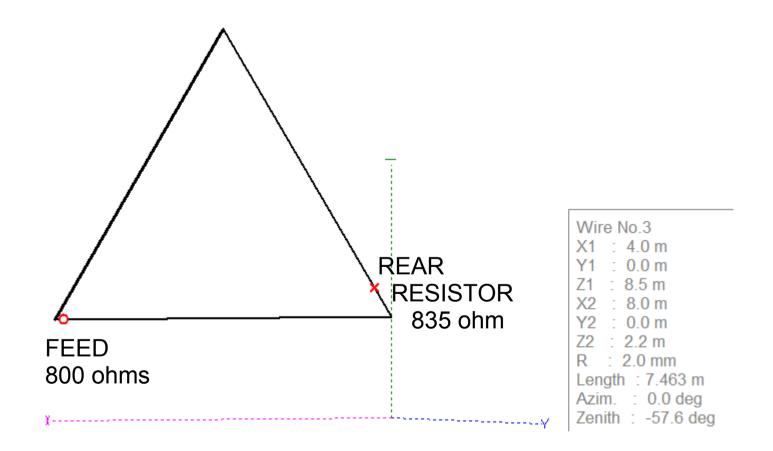
Comparison antenna: Modified K6SE / FO0AAA

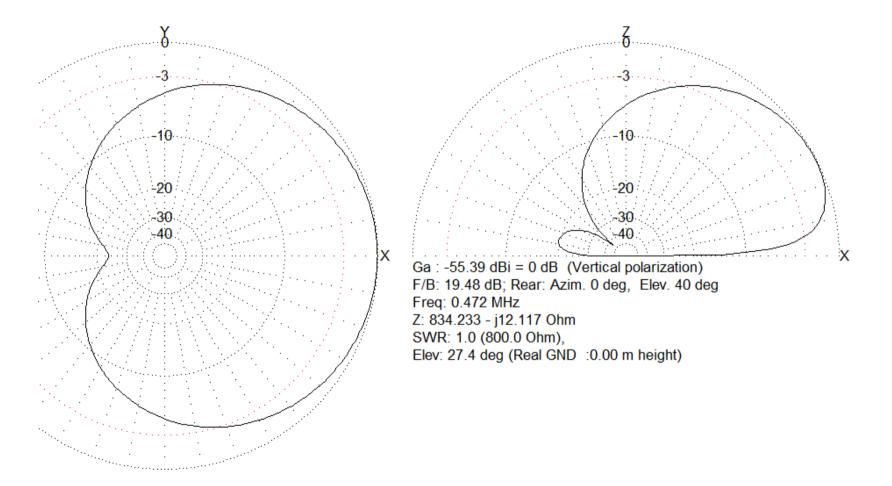
- Triangle shape
- Length 8.0m
- Bottom wire at 2.2m, apex 8.5m
- Wire 4mm diameter copper
- Rear resistor 5% above the rear corner to optimize pattern, value 810-850 ohms

Lobster antenna



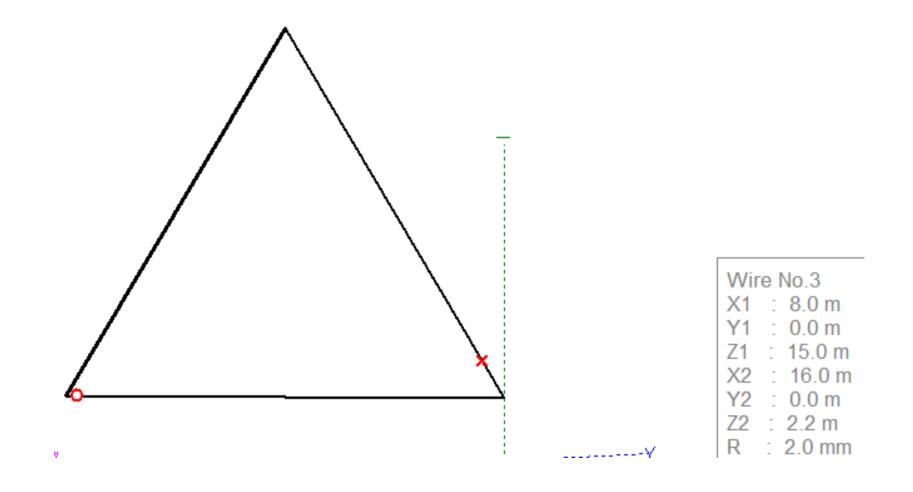


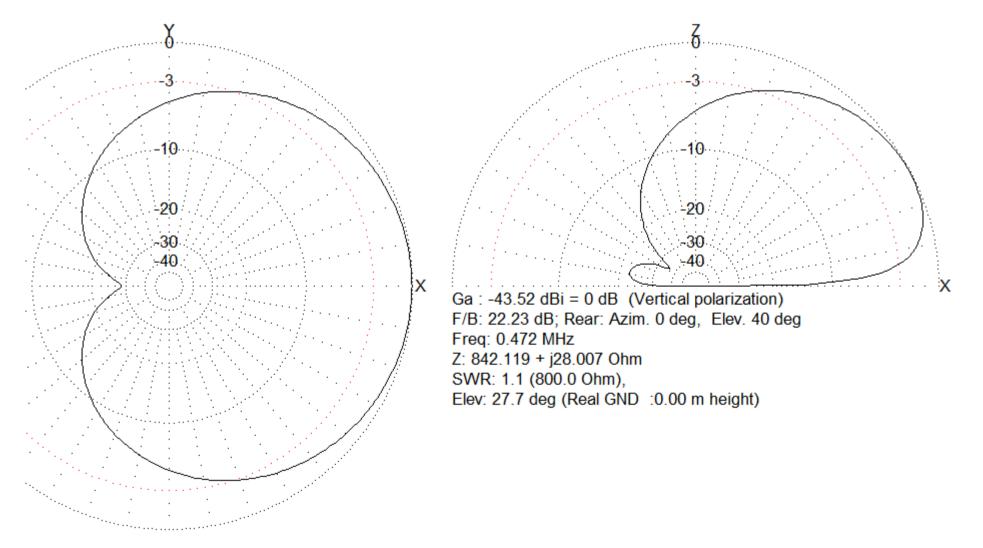




- L=8.0m, bottom wire at 2.2m, apex 8.5m, W=4Cu
- Residential QTH Noise 81dB
- MDS -127.5
- Noise Margin 9.9dB
- Rural, QTH Noise 73dB
- MDS -134.5dBW
- Noise Margin 1.9dB

- <u>L=8.0m</u>, bottom wire at 2.2m, apex 8.5m, W=4Cu
- Residential QTH Noise 81dB
- MDS -127.5
- Noise Margin 9.9dB acceptable number
- Rural, QTH Noise 73dB
- MDS -134.5dBW
- Noise Margin 1.9dB Basic Lobster too small for low noise QTH



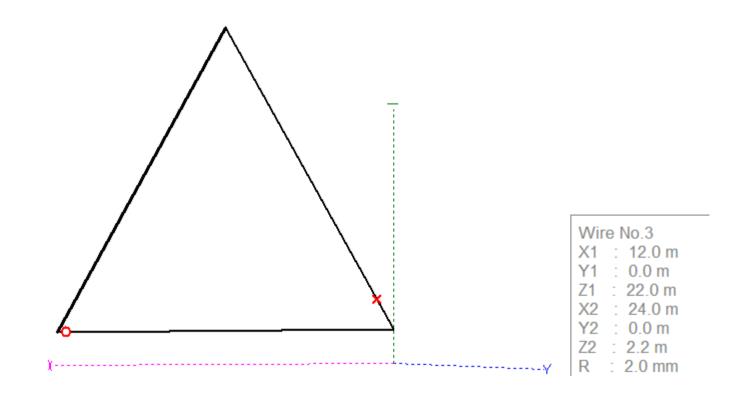


- L=16m, bottom wire at 2.2m, apex 15m, W=4Cu
- Residential, QTH Noise 81dB
- MDS -127.8dBW
- Noise Margin 21.7dB
- Rural, QTH Noise 73dB
- MDS -136.7dBW
- Noise Margin 13.7dB

- L=16m, bottom wire at 2.2m, apex 15m, W=4Cu
- Residential, QTH Noise 81dB
- MDS -127.8dBW
- Noise Margin 21.7dB unnecessarily large
- Rural, QTH Noise 73dB
- MDS -136.7dBW
- Noise Margin 13.7dB good for rural QTH Too small for extreme rural

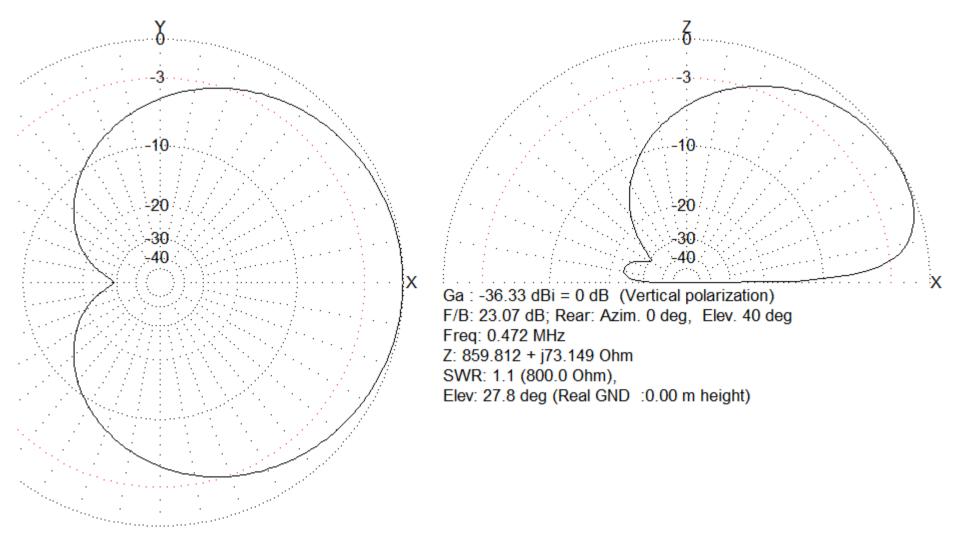
Triple Size Lobster on 472kHz

• L=24m, bottom wire at 2.2m, apex 22m, W=4Cu



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Triple Size Lobster on 472kHz

- L=24m, bottom wire at 2.2m, apex 22m, W=4Cu
- Residential, QTH Noise 81dB
- MDS -127.8dBW
- Noise Margin 28.9dB
- Rural, QTH Noise 73dB
- MDS -135.7dBW
- Noise Margin 20.9dB good enough for quiet rural

Results summary

- GP MDS is -133.0 / -125.0 dBW
- Lobster MDS ranges -135.7 / -127.5 dBW

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Performance difference 2.5 – 2.8dB

Findings

- A receiving antenna length 16m is enough on 630m band to provide better reception than a Full Size GP – at most QTHs, most of the time
- Increasing the antenna size will not bring automatical improvement in MDS capability
- Common mode and signal leaking related issues may be improved by increasing the antenna size to Double Size Lobster
- At locations with minimal ambient noise a Triple Size Lobster may bring benefit

More Information

- A receiving antenna "LIRA" with 50m length wins Double Size Lobster
 - Beyond the scope of this Quick Study

- Antenna details and simulation models available from Jukka OH6LI
 - Also LIRA design details available for those with more real estate

Excel Workbook

- Excel workbook to analyze MDS and Noise Margin available
- Also Leaking Index for antenna pattern comparisons

								Leaking	Using LI	Plus LI	QTH			RX	Feed				
						Back		Index	Rear	Front	Noise	Noise		Noise	System				
	Gmax	At	At	Gave	RDF	Gave	DMF	(LI)	Azim	Elev	Level	Margin	MDS	Figure	Losses		Length	Height	Width
Antenna pattern file name	dBi	Azim	Elev	dB	dB	dB	dB	%	Range	Range	dB	dB	dBW	dB	dB	Note	m	m	m
DoubleSizeLobster 472kHz.csv	-43,5	0°	28°	-51,3	7,8	-56,7	13,1	76,4	80°-280°	80°-90°	73	13,7	-135,7	3,0	2,0	Rural	16,0	15,0	5,0
TripleSizeLobster 472kHz.csv	-36,3	0°	29°	-44,1	7,8	-49,4	13,1	76,3	80°-280°	80°-90°	73	20,9	-135,7	3,0	2,0	Rural	24	22,0	6,0
GP 472kHz.csv	2,4	0°	21°	-2,7	5,0	-2,7	5,0	96,5	80°-280°	80°-90°	81	70,3	-125,0	3,0	2,0	Residential	310	154,8	310,0
BasicLobster 472kHz.csv	-55,4	0°	28°	-63,1	7,8	-68,4	13,1	78,0	80°-280°	80°-90°	81	9,9	-127,5	3,0	2,0	Residential	8	8,5	4,0
DoubleSizeLobster 472kHz.csv	-43,5	0°	28°	-51,3	7,8	-56,7	13,1	76,4	80°-280°	80°-90°	81	21,7	-127,8	3,0	2,0	Residential	16,0	15,0	5,0
TripleSizeLobster 472kHz.csv	-36,3	0°	29°	-44,1	7,8	-49,4	13,1	76,3	80°-280°	80°-90°	81	28,9	-127,8	3,0	2,0	Residential	24	22,0	6,0
LIRA L30 v01.csv	-61,4	0°	22°	-71,2	9,9	-81,2	19,8	49,9	80°-280°	80°-90°	73	-6,2	-133,0	3,0	2,0	Rural	30	9,0	4,0
LIRA L50 v04 H13 W4Cu.csv	-48,3	0°	23°	-58,2	9,9	-69,6	21,2	36,3	80°-280°	80°-90°	73	6,8	-137,5	3,0	2,0	Rural	50	13,0	5,0
LIRA L50 v05 H17 W6Cu.csv	-44,9	0°	23°	-54,7	9,9	-65,7	20,8	38,7	80°-280°	80°-90°	73	10,3	-137,7	3,0	2,0	Rural	50	17,0	5,0
LIRA L50 v06 H22 W6Cu.csv	-41,5	0°	22°	-51,4	9,8	-62,1	20,5	40,1	80°-280°	80°-90°	73	13,6	-137,7	3,0	2,0	Rural	50	22,0	6,0